

57,000 MEN WANTED FOR
U. S. ARMY FOR PERIOD
OF THE WAR.

NO. 3902.

WEATHER—SHOWERS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, JUNE 29, 1917.

SENATE FEARS PUBLIC UNREST

Serious Division of Sentiment Seen if Prohibition Measure Passes.

"I do not at this time want to offend and anger a great mass of the people who see no harm in drinking a glass of beer. I want to see all distilled liquors stopped from manufacture. But I hope the Senate will pause before going further. Don't forget, it is a sentiment that will win this war. It is more than money, more than anything. There is one thing the American people will not forgive, and that is an issue that will divide public sentiment, and hinder the nation in doing all that it can to win the war."

These are the words Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, who spoke at the Senate yesterday afternoon, as he opened the debate on the prohibition amendments to the food bill.

Senator Lodge predicted a division of public opinion and sentiment if the people were deprived of the privilege of drinking beer, as is proposed in the amendments.

True Americanism was voiced by Senator Lodge, when he said:

"The one dominant desire in my heart, the one wish that I have, overmastering anything else, is to win this war. I am ready to subject everything to that; all my personal prejudices, everything I have in party feeling. I want to win this war. That is the only road to peace. We have got to win this war. Whatever help we can give to win the war, I will vote for. Whatever I think will retard us in winning the war, that I will vote against."

Lodge is supported by a forceful Senator Hardwick, of Georgia, moved yesterday to send it back to the committee, on the ground that some sections of it violated the Constitution. But even Senator Hardwick, in spite of his opposition to the bill, lined up behind Senator Lodge.

The attack upon the idea of eliminating beer from privileged drinks has frightened prohibitionists. They feared last night that all the liquor amendments may be cut from the bill. Already some of their friends on the main issue of food control have expressed the idea that this was better done, so that the bill itself would not be jeopardized. And the Senate Finance Committee has taken to the bill, too, on the ground that if the prohibition amendments were added, not to the food control, but to the war revenue bill, the financial loss sustained by "dry" States would be brought forward more forcibly.

Although Lodge's speech was the feature of the day, an earlier speech by Hiram Johnson attracted particular attention. The California Progressive came out flatly for the bill, saying that while usually opposed to autocratic authority, yet the presence of the war justified it.

**NEW U. S. DESTROYER
MAKES RECORD TRIP**

Covers 5,858 Miles in Less Than Fifteen Days.

Completing a record run from a Pacific Coast port to an Atlantic port, approximately 5,858 miles in 14 days, 16 hours and 20 minutes, the destroyer Shaw, constructed at the Puget Sound Navy Yard, yesterday reported ready for immediate service, and a few hours later proceeded to the station to which she was assigned.

The Shaw made a record-breaking passage through the Panama Canal in 5 hours and 45 minutes. The best previous time was 6 hours and 20 minutes.

The average cruising speed was 15 knots an hour, including stops, she averaged 15.4 knots an hour, an easy feat for the Shaw, which is capable of 30 knots an hour.

Secretary Daniels has written a letter of commendation to the commandant under whose supervision the destroyer was constructed.

The keel of the Shaw was laid in February, 1915, and she was completed in about fifteen months.

**WHEAT IS CENTER
OF FOOD PROBLEM**

President's Proclamation Making Embargo Effective Expected.

What is the key to the food problem of the United States? The food problem of the United States, the food problem of the world, is wheat. And wheat and all its prices are to be handled under the food problem of the United States. The food problem of the world is wheat. It is believed that the other food products will fall in line.

Already the wheat trade is co-operating with Herbert C. Hoover. Following stories which have been printed from time to time as to various radical steps contemplated here, President Grifflin, of the Chicago Board of Trade yesterday made public a sketch of the Hoover plan. While regretting that this statement has been made, and insisting that the plan has no effect until the administration has been made official by Congress, Mr. Hoover at no time denied that the plan was substantially true.

It will protect for control of wheat prices from the moment it is sold by the farmer to the time it reaches the tables of the people of the United States and the rest of the world. The elevatorman, miller, distributor—all will be under the direction of the food administration.

While the machinery of the export council is being rapidly assembled, it was offered with an appropriation of \$100,000 from the President's emergency fund, and after a few days, Secretary Redfield, the executive officer of the council, will be prepared to take up the matter of export of wheat as soon as the President issues his proclamation, which is expected this morning.

LARGE AIR PLANE ORDER.

New York, June 28.—The Curtis Aeroplane and Motor Corporation has obtained an order from the United States government for 100 biplanes, 100,000 for aeroplanes, motors and engines. It was officially announced here today.

SCOUTS SEPARATE PEACE.

Tokyo, June 28.—Replying to an interpretation in the Diet, Viscount Motono, Japanese foreign minister, today declared that he did not believe there was a chance of Russia concluding a separate peace with Germany.

Suffragists Submit to Jail Sentence for Good of Cause

Miss Katherine Morey, Society Girl, Gives Interesting Account of Experience Behind Bars of Local Institution.

In the following graphic narrative, Miss Katherine Morey, a wealthy Brookline, Mass., society girl, who is serving three days in the District jail for picketing the White House with suffrage banners, describes her experiences for the readers of The Washington Herald.

By KATHERINE MOREY.

Being confined in a six by ten cell, needless to say, is an experience decidedly new, not only to myself but to all the other suffragists, who, with me are taking punishment for something which merits no punishment—for standing up for our rights in what is supposed to be a free country. My impressions as a "prisoner" are as yet not clearly and distinctly focussed in my mind; the change from freedom and open air to a plain, dark and rather dismal cell, devoid of ventilation and aromatic with many strange odors is too sudden for me to comprehend at this time.

In the few short hours since we were hustled into the "Black Maria" at the side door of the Police Court, with a curious crowd gazing at us, and underwent the ordeal of the long, hot, tiresome drive to the jail, we have learned to see another side of life—a side of which we had heard but never dreamed of coming into actual contact with.

"Suff" Enter Jail.

To be thrown into intimate association with women of the underworld, thieves and petty criminals is an experience that necessarily must make an indelible impression upon our memories. And to think that we have undergone this for the sake of the principle for which our forefathers fought, bled and died, makes it all the harder to grasp.

Upon our arrival at the jail, where our names and pedigrees were taken. Then we were turned over to a matron and escorted to the cell. My heart seemed to skip a beat or two as I glanced at the long line of steel barred doors, and for a moment I felt a sinking sensation; then I glanced at Miss Vernon, who stood near me, and the brave expression upon her face steadied me instantly.

We were ushered into adjoining cells, and right here I learned of a touching incident that had preceded our arrival. The women prisoners had discussed our coming and decided we would prefer to be near each other as possible. So they asked to be moved to other cells that we might have six in a row.

When I entered my cell there was a queer little tugging at my heart-strings. I disposed of my toilet articles as best I might with the limited furnishings at hand and then received my second little surprise since entering the jail. The matron laughingly informed us that we would not have to undergo the humiliation of being forced to bathe. At the mention of bath, I looked at the towels. They were spotlessly clean, but the texture—even a "hardened suffragist" would hesitate to rub her face with one.

Supper Is Served.

"Fixing up" my "room" passed the time until supper was served. We dined on shoulder, kale, bread and butter, and although the service was not such as might be looked for at a first class hotel, we were in no mood to kick. Our last meal had been breakfast and it was now 4 o'clock.

CONTINUED ON PAGE FIVE.

**FIGHT ON TO CREATE
AIR PLANE COMMITTEE**

Administration's Huge Aero Program Is Before Congress Today.

Backers of the great aircraft program of the government in Congress defeated in their attempt to create a separate aeronautical department, because of the opposition of Secretary of War Baker and Secretary of the Navy Daniels, have trained their guns to force the creation of powerful committees on aeronautics in both the Senate and House.

The fight for the immediate appointment of a committee on aeronautics in the House opens this morning before the House Committee on Rules, when witnesses will be heard upon the resolution of Representative Murray Hubert, of New York, for naming of a committee which is designed to rank in importance with the committees on Military and Naval Affairs.

The magnitude of the general aircraft program has focused the attention of the entire House upon the proposal, and the suggestion will be heard upon the resolution of Representative Murray Hubert, of New York, for naming of a committee which is designed to rank in importance with the committees on Military and Naval Affairs.

Great care had been taken in the distribution of the tickets to the unveiling ceremonies to prevent their falling into the hands of the militants. Both Miss Stuyvesant and Miss Calderhead had tickets, however, which let them pass the guards and Secret Service men at the door.

The women planned to raise their banners at an appropriate time to attract the attention of the President, similar to their action at the Capitol during a speech of the Executive.

Miss Calderhead is a graduate of the University of Kansas and has done post-graduate work at Bryn Mawr College. She is a daughter of former Representative Calderhead.

Miss Stuyvesant, since her graduation from college, has been engaged in social and settlement work.

Prisoners to End Term.

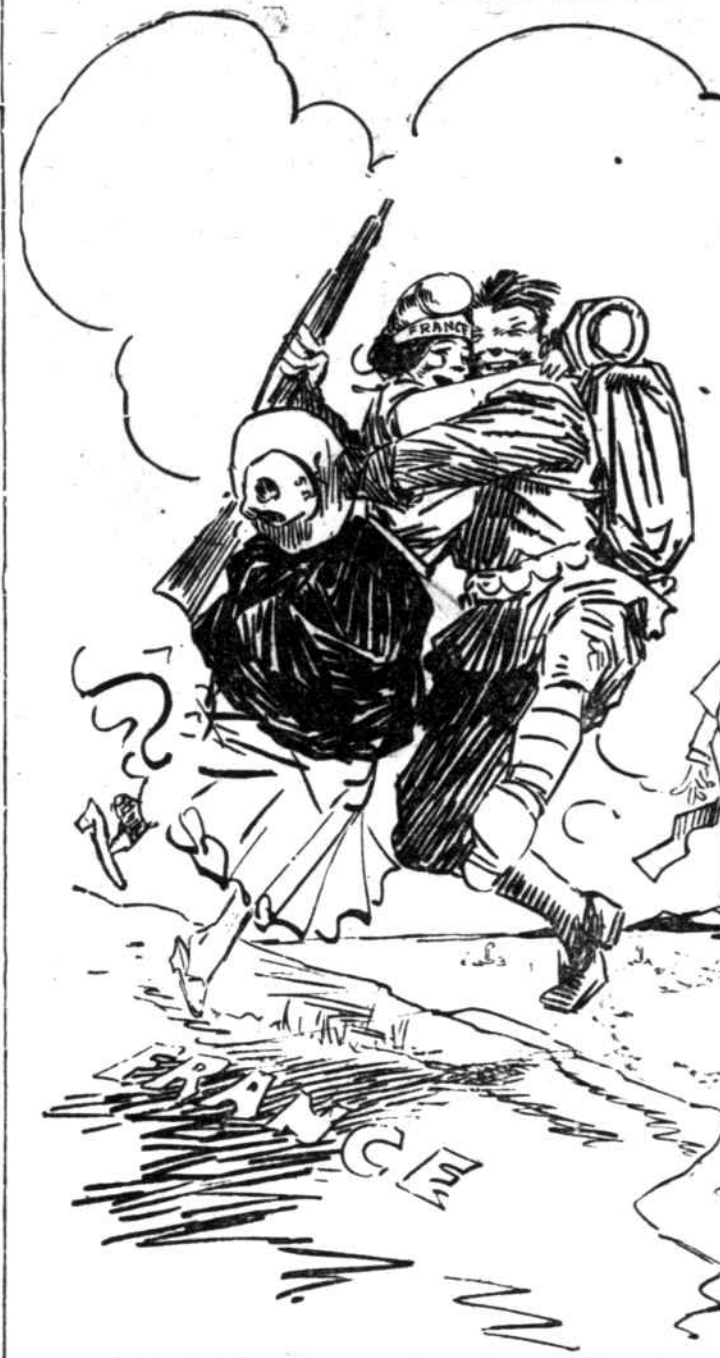
At 7 a. m. today, the six militants who have been prisoners at the District jail since picketing will be released.

Miss Abby Scott Baker and Miss Alice Wilby will be at the jail with a reception line to take the released picketers to Cameron House where an old-fashioned homecoming is planned. From 7:30 to 8 a. m. women will hold a reception and listen to the picketers as they come in. They will set down to a dainty breakfast, quite in contrast to the coarse prison fare they ate yesterday. Supper will be served at 7:30 p. m. The three will be present to lead the cheering and listen to the accounts of the three days incarceration. The breakfast will be served in the garden of Cameron House and all seats will be 50 cents per cover.

Among the women who have signed their intention of breakfasting with the released suffragists are: Mrs. Randolph Keith Forrest, Mrs. Paul Desens, Miss Lucy Burns, Mrs. W. D. Acough, Mrs. Benton Mackaye, Miss Elizabeth Stuyvesant and Mrs. Lawrence Lewis.

Officials of the jail permitted the released picketers to have a special privilege. For the greater part of the day they were receiving friends and they were not obliged to partake of the prison fare unless their appetites were not appeased by the delicacies furnished by Mrs. Baker and other suffrage leaders. Their experience at the jail is personally described by Miss Katherine Morey, one of the prisoners in another column.

OUR BOY!



RED CROSS AID BEING RUSHED

Ready to Distribute Huge War Relief Fund Collected Here.

The machinery of the Red Cross last night was set in motion to divert at once millions of dollars out of the great humanity fund of nearly \$120,000,000 for the immediate relief of war-torn peoples of reconquered sections of Northern France. Within the next few days about \$50,000 will be placed in the hands of the Red Cross commission in France, in addition to the \$100,000 disbursed a few days ago at the request of Maj. Grayson M. P. Murphy, head of the commission, and member of Maj. Gen. Pershing's staff.

Urged to Offset German Propaganda as Red Cross Member.

New York, June 28.—A movement has been launched to send Col. Theodore Roosevelt to Russia as an ex-officio member of the Red Cross. It is planned for him to take several thousand Americans with him to act as a steady influence in the new republic against German propaganda.

A number of professional men have already volunteered their services. This information was obtained today from an American diplomat recently returned from Russia. He said:

"Col. Roosevelt has been approached on the subject. He did not appear willing to commit himself unless proffered a definite invitation. He admitted that he was enthusiastic about the work of the Red Cross and vastly interested in Russian conditions."

"H. P. Davidson, chairman of the war council of the Red Cross, and other officials of the organization appeared enthusiastic over the idea. It is understood that the committee would act as an inspiration to the entire nation. His Red Cross work would, of course, be nominal."

Resident Wilson so far has vouchsafed no views on the subject. Another conference with Col. Roosevelt will be held soon. The matter will then be taken up in Washington.

BIG DAM GIVES WAY AND INUNDATE TOWN

People Flee for Life as Fifty-foot Wall Breaks.

(By International News Service.)

Baker, Ore., June 28.—The town of Rock Creek was practically inundated today, according to reports received here, when a fifty-foot dam at the flooded Mill Creek broke, fifteen miles west of Haines, gave way.

The residents of Haines, in the path of the flood, are reported to be hurrying to high ground. Communication with the flooded district has been severed but it is known that many buildings have been destroyed. Whether or not there was any loss of life is not known yet.

Woman Attacks Prisoner With Club in Court Room

Prestonburg, Ky., June 28.—John Coyer, bound over to the grand jury today on the charge of murdering Lulu Viers, whose body was found weighted down with iron in the Ohio River, was attacked by Mrs. Charlotte Viers, mother of the girl, in the courtroom today. Mrs. Viers hit Coyer over the head with a club as officers were taking him back to jail. He broke from the officers and they had to fire at him before he would halt.

NEW YORK PROHIBITS THE SALE OF ABSINTHE

New York, June 28.—The sale of absinthe in Greater New York henceforth is absolutely prohibited, Health Commissioner Emerson announced today.

Since the importation of absinthe into this country has been forbidden, it has been manufactured here. Emerson stated he had decided the sale of absinthe was a menace to the city.

CRIME WHICH STARTED WAR OCCURRED THREE YEARS AGO

Three years ago yesterday occurred the crime that precipitated the great war.

Gavrilo Princip, a Bosnian youth, assassinated the Austrian archduke, Francis Ferdinand and his wife, at Sarajevo, Bosnia, Austria, convinced that the crime was the outgrowth of a pan-Serbian plot, delivered to Serbia an ultimatum on July 23 that brought on the war.

COAL PRICES ARE REDUCED

Consumers Will Save About \$180,000,000 Annually by New Schedule.

A maximum price of \$3.50 a ton for domestic coal and a maximum price of \$4 a ton for all other coal, f. o. b. at the mines, for all States east of the Mississippi River will go in effect after July 1, all tons to be 2,000 pounds flat.

These are the figures reached last night at the conference of the operators with Secretary of the Interior Lane, J. Franklin Fort, of the Federal Trade Commission, and Francis H. Peabody, chairman of the coal production committee of the Council of National Defense.

In round numbers, this means a reduction of \$5 a ton to the consumer, from the famine prices paid last winter. There is a possibility that this reduction may be shaved further. It is understood that the agreement reached last night carries a recommendation that jobs be bought by direct from the mines be limited to a profit of 25 cents a ton.

Allowing this margin to the jobber, it was said, the prices that will be quoted eventually by the dealer to the small buyer for home consumption will have a loud voice in deciding. Conservative estimates are that the public will pay next winter from \$5 to \$5.50 a ton for its coal. It was estimated by one of the leading operators attending the meeting that the great cut in prices at the mines would result in an annual saving to the consumers of \$180,000,000.

SOUL MATE IS WON BY EMPTY STOMACH

Mistake's Chef's Voice for Husband's Ethereal Self, Woman Declares.

(By International News Service.)

St. Louis, June 28.—"It was the stomach and not the soul that she heard calling. She wanted a meal ticket, not a soul mate."

This was the story of the "spiritual marriage" of her husband, Elwood V. Matlack, St. Louis capitalist, and Mrs. Estelle Hanbury of Chicago. Mrs. Matlack laughed today in discussing the "ethereal voice" that came to Mrs. Hanbury out of the air in Chicago one day and led her to meet Matlack, meeting the now threatening to break up two homes.

"After she met my husband they went to a hotel, had dinner and talked over the matter until 2 a. m. In my opinion Estelle was hungry and felt the pangs of hunger and it was this voice of the hotel that she heard and not my husband's ethereal self."

MONGOLIA TORPEDOED.

London, June 28.—Three passengers and fourteen of the crew of the Peninsula and Oriental liner Mongolia are believed to have been drowned when the liner was sunk by a mine off Bombay. It was reported today.

OIL PRICES GO UP.

San Francisco, June 28.—Effective today, the price of oil in all fields owned or operated by the Standard Oil Company will advance 10 cents a barrel, according to an announcement by the company.

DOROTHY DIX—the highest-paid woman writer in the world—writes for THE HERALD. Read her article in today's paper.

TWO CENTS

LENS IN RUNS, HUNS RETREAT

Canadians Capture Suburb and Enemy Is Preparing to Evacuate.

(By International News Service.)

London, June 28.—Again the Canadians have tightened their grip on Lens. They are only one mile from the center of the ruined town. Men from British Columbia, Manitoba, Central Ontario and Nova Scotia early today shoved the Germans out of their first line before Avion, the suburban village south of Lens. They took the village of Elan-Dit-Leauvette, half a mile from the coal city's outskirts.

Reduced to necessity of fighting from the ruins of a burned city, their powerful trenches outside the town having been taken, the Germans' position at Lens became extremely critical this afternoon with fresh advances. The Germans blew up a bridge over the Scarpe River leading to the city from the outskirts of Avion, now in full possession of the British.

Astride the Lens-Arras Railroad, the Canadians are pressing forward toward Lens. A portion of the Avion-Mercurie enemy "swivel" line has just been captured—and with very slight losses to the British. Prussian troops trapped in dugouts in this section, refused to surrender and the positions were cleared by bombs.

The enemy in the coal mines between Lens and the Arras-Lens line has been driven out of the Arras-Lens line. The British are now in possession of the Arras-Lens line. The British are now in possession of the Arras-Lens line. The British are now in possession of the Arras-Lens line.

The German big guns played a formidable fire on the British lines south of the Scarpe River. They attempted an infantry attack on an advanced post. It was beaten off. To the east of Vermelles, in a nocturnal assault, they sought to break through the British lines but were ejected by a counter attack.

The crown prince's pressure on the French forced somewhat, though his big guns are still extremely active below Lens, around Hurbise Farm.

RAISE FUND TO FIGHT COCCHI EXTRADITION

Relatives Claimed to Have Hugs Sum to Oppose Proceedings.

New York, June 28.—There is no doubt in the mind of the relatives of the man who is watching the Ruth Cruiser case that Cocchi had a horror of a sentence to death by the American electric chair. Although he is shared by all his friends, and his prisoner's relatives, are starting a fund to fight proceedings for his extradition.

Much new efforts are being made to raise the question as to whether Cocchi's mental condition is normal.

"I am not prepared to say if Cocchi is insane or a nervous wreck," said Prof. Augusto Murri, Italy's famous neurologist. "The prisoner is now physically in a bad condition and mentally weak. Although he has spoken of suicide he hasn't the courage to commit it or to make a serious effort to escape."

An examination of Cocchi's record in prison, where he was left for America he was considered an unbalanced adventurer with anarchistic tendencies. He quit Italy for the United States after becoming a bankrupt.

Cocchi is confined in the prison of San Giovanni, in Monte, formerly a monastery, and adjoining the imposing church of the same name. His trial is expected to take place in the Esacochi palace.

Formal application for the extradition of Cocchi was made to Counselor Frank Polk, of the State Department, yesterday by William Harmon Black, Assistant District Attorney of New York. The extradition is expected to be granted immediately to Rome, where they will be passed upon by the minister of justice.

Mr. Black also called at the Italian Embassy, where he received assurances that everything that could be done by Italian officials here to expedite the case would be done.

SENATOR MAY RESIGN AND JOIN PERSHING

Friends Say Ogden L. Mills Is Going to France.

(By International News Service.)

Albany, N. Y., June 28.—Senator Ogden L. Mills will resign from the Senate and join the Pershing expeditionary forces in France, according to his friends here.

The Senator offered his services to the government when the war broke out. He was summoned to Washington this week. When he left he said he was going to fight for his country.

Rioting in Budapest For Suffrage Privilege

London, June 28.—Rioting ensued when 25,000 people marched through the streets of Budapest today, demanding universal, equal and secret suffrage. Police had difficulty in dispersing the mobs.